76-32-3-8/43
Electrical Conductivity and Photoconductivity of Pinacyanol and Orthochromium T

the other hand, show somewhat higher values because of the effect of the transition resistances on the micro-crystallite Dry oxygen has no effect upon the dark-conductivity however, it diminishes he photoconductivity by means of a chemical reaction with the dye. Experiments on this problem are still to be performed. Steam produces an electricthe influence upon the al conductivity, in which case photoconductivity depends on the preliminary treatment of the layer. The investigation with moist oxygen showed a phenomenon, apparently analogous to the Becquerel effect, of photo-electrochemical nature under formation of an electromotive force. The photo-elect:romotive force observed by Noddack and Meier (Refs 5, 8) on solid layers can difficult. ly be identified with the obtained results of this paper. There are 8 figures, 1 table, and 20 references, 12 of which are Soviet.

Card 3/4

38165

S/058/62/000/004/062/160 A058/A101

9,4160

AUTHOR:

Karpovich, I. A., Vartanyan, A. T.

TITLE:

Concerning "valve" photo-emf in dye phototubes

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal, Fizika, no. 4, 1962, 23, abstract 4G189 (V sb. "Fotoelektr. i optich. yavleniya v poluprovodnikakh". Kiev,

AN USSR, 1959, 290-300)

TEXT: The authors give the results of investigating phototubes in air. Under longitudinal illumination in air, one of the dye-layer contacts with the electrodes is seen to give rise to a photo-emf, the sign and magnitude of which are determined by the nature of the dye but which does not depend on the nature of the illuminated contact (push or natural contact). The photo-emf (E $_{\infty}$) and of the illuminated contact (push or natural contact). The photo-emf is observed in the relations E $_{\infty}$ = A ln (1 + BL) and I $_{0}$ = kL. Photosensitivity is observed in the relations E $_{\infty}$ = A ln (1 + BL) and I $_{0}$ = kL. Photosensitivity is observed in the relational absorption region of the dyes in the solid state. The rectifying propernatural-absorption region of the dyes in the solid state. The rectifying propernatural-absorption region of the dyes in the solid state. The rectifying propernatural-absorption region of the dyes in the solid state. The rectifying propernatural-absorption region of the dyes in the solid state. The rectifying propernatural-absorption region of the dyes in the solid state. The rectifying propernatural-absorption region of the dyes in the solid state. The rectifying propernatural-absorption region of the dyes in the solid state. The rectifying propernatural-absorption region of the dyes in the solid state. The rectifying propernatural-absorption region of the dyes in the solid state. The rectifying propernatural-absorption region of the dyes in the solid state.

Card 1/2

Concerning "valve" photo-emf in dye phototubes

S/058/62/000/004/062/160 A058/A101

barrier layer. They advance arguments in favour of the photoelectrochemical nature of the non-valve photo-emf that arises incident to the illumination in air of metal-dye contacts.

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 2/2

23(5), 21(8)

Lukirskiy, A.P. and Karpovich, I.A.

SOV/51-6-5-20/34

TITLE:

Determination of the Absolute Sensitivity of Some Photographic Materials to Ultra-Soft X-Radiation (Opredeleniye absolutnoy chuvstvitel'nosti nekotorykh fotomaterialov k ul'tramyagkomu rentgenovskomu izlucheniyu)

PERIODICAL: Optika i Spektroskopiya, 1959, Vol. 6, Nr 5, pp 685-687 (USSR)

ABS TRACT:

Ultra-soft X-rays are strongly absorbed by many substances and, therefore, special photographic materials are required to record them. The present paper reports some work on the absolute sensitivity of certain photographic materials irradiated with X-rays of wavelengths 23.6 (O_{Ku}), 44 (C_{Ku}), 67 (B_{Ku}) and 113 Å (Be_{Ku}). A vacuum A-ray monochromator with a diffraction grating, described by Lukirskiy et al (Ref 1), was used to produce a beam which fell on to a photographic plate or film. The beam intensity (10⁶ quanta/sec) was previously measured by means of a Geiger counter with an attenuator in front of it. The periods of irradiation of the photographic materials were varied from 10 sec to 2 hours. The materials used were: spectroscopic plates No 3, special NIKFI films and Schumann plates. Blackening curves (optical density D v. log N, where N is the number of quanta received by each lmm² of the plate or film) are shown in Figs 1, 2, 3 for the above three materials. The

Card 1/2

SOV/51-6-5-20/34

Determination or the Absolute Sensitivity of Some Photographic Materials to Ultra-Soft X-Radiation

separate curves in each of the figures represent the results obtained at various X-ray wavelengths listed above. Fig 1 shows that with increase of the X-ray wavelength the blackening curves are shifted towards higher values of N, i.e. the sensitivity of the spectroscopic plates No 3 falls with increase of wavelength. The curve for the 44 Å wavelength is an exception to this rule, because this wavelength is least absorbed by gelatine. The sensitivity of the NIKFI films is practically the same for X-rays of 23.6, 44 and 113 Å wavelengths (Fig 2). A table on p 687 gives the values of N corresponding to D = 0.2. These values can be regarded as the absolute sensitivities of the photographic materials studied here to ultra-soft X-rays. These sensitivities are of the order 10^7-10^8 quanta/mm² for the three photographic materials mentioned above. There are 3 figures, 1 table and 1 Soviet reference.

SUBMITTED:

July 31, 1958

Card 2/2

S/120/60/000/005/015/051 E032/E514

AUTHORS: Rumsh, M.A., Lukirskiy, A.P., Karpovich, I.A. and

Shchemelev, V.N.

TITLE: Vacuum X-ray Monochromator for the Determination of the

Absolute Efficiencies of Radiation Detectors 19

PERIODICAL: Pribory i tekhnika eksperimenta, 1960, No.5, pp.67-73

TEXT: The monochromator described in the present paper is based on the Bragg spectrometer and hence the working wavelength range is limited on the long wavelength side at 19.3 Å when a mica crystal is employed. The absolute determination of the sensitivities of various detectors of ultra-soft X-ray radiation was described in previous papers by this group (Refs. 1 and 2). The present paper describes an extension of this work to the wavelength region 19.3-1 Å. The absolute intensities of the monochromatized beams are measured by a Geiger-counter of special design. The various characteristic X-ray lines are produced by a special demountable X-ray tube built into the monochromator. Mechanical details of the design of the monochromator are given, together with some typical results obtained for the Kali2 doublet of Cu. These Card 1/2

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S/120/60/000/005/015/051 E032/E514

Vacuum X-ray Monochromator for the Determination of the Absolute Efficiencies of Radiation Detectors

are shown in Fig.4. From the knowledge of the various transmission coefficients of the apparatus it was possible to measure the absolute intensity of the monochromatized beams and this in turn enabled a determination to be made of the efficiency of

photomultipliers with different photocathodes as detectors of X-ray radiation. Further details will be reported in a future paper. Acknowledgments are made to A.A. Lebedev for discussions and interest. There are 4 figures and 7 references: 3 Soviet, 1 German and 3 English.

ASSOCIATION: Leningradskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet

(Leningrad State University)

SUBMITTED: September 10, 1959

Card 2/2

[1] 对自然的可能把握相关对象的规则的"的。"这一点可以是可以可以有关的"对社会"。

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S/051/60/009/005/012/019

E201/E191

AUTHORS:

Lukirskiy, A.P., Rumsh, M.A., and Karpovich, I.A.

TITLE:

Card 1/2

Measurement of the Photoelectric Emission Yield for

1.54-13.3 A X-rays

PERIODICAL: Optika i spektroskopiya, 1960, Vol.9, No.5, pp 653-657

TEXT: In an earlier paper (Ref. 1) the authors described a technique of measuring the photoelectric yield of ultrasoft X-rays by determination of the intensity of X-rays with a Geiger counter and the number of photoelectrons with an Allen-type electron multiplier (Ref. 2). The present paper describes the use of this technique for X-rays of $\lambda = 1.54-13.3$ Å. A vacuum X-ray monochromator (Ref. 3) was employed; it is shown schematically in Fig. 1. Dependence of the counting rate of an Allen-type electron multiplier on the amplification factor of the electronic circuit, on the place where the X-ray beam fell on the multiplier photocathode, and on the voltage between the photocathode and the first dynode, is given in Figs 2, 3 and 4 respectively. The photoelectric yields were found for Ti, W, Pt, NaBr, CsI and SrF2; they are listed (in %) in a table on

1

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S/051/60/009/005/012/019 E201/E191

Measurement of the Photoelectric Emission Yield for 1.54-13.3 A X-rays

page 657. The photoelectric yield generally tended to rise with increase of the X-ray wavelength. Ionic crystals had usually much greater photoelectric yields than metals. There are 4 figures, 1 table and 5 Soviet references.

SUBMITTED: January 26, 1960

Card 2/2

1

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000720910006-6

L 12905-63 EWP(q)/EWT(m)/BDS AFFTC/ASI) JD

ACCESSION NR: AT3003004

5/2927/62/000/000/0205/0214

AUTHOR: Karpovich, I. A.

0.7 of the All-

TITLE: Investigation of high-voltage photo-emf in PbS layers [Report of the All-Union Conference on Semiconductor Devices held in Tashkent from 2 to 7 October

SOURCE: Elektronno-dy*rochny*ye perekhody* v poluprovodnikakh. Tashkent, Izd-vo AN UZSSR, 1962, 205-214

TOPIC TAGS: photo-emf, lead sulfide semiconductor layer

ABSTRACT: Experimental studies of photo-emf (6-15 v per cm) cm PbS layers 0.51.5-micron thick applied to glass plates are reported. The photo-emf was measured
as a function of: (a) angle of incidence of light within 0-360 degrees, (b) shortcircuit current, 10 sup -11 to 10 sup -9 amp, (c) temperature within 50-300K. The
short-circuit current vs. temperature and conductivity vs. temperature were also
measured. The temperature measurements were made in a specially designed cryostat.
The results are interpreted in the light of the Slater's theory (Phys, Rev., 103,
1631, 1956) which assumes that the layer consists of a large number of seriesconnected p-n junctions. To explain the h.-v. photo-emf phenomenon, the author

Card 1/2

L 12905-63 ACCESSION NR: AT300	3004		4
light beam than n-p student, and O. N. F Lobachevskogo (Gor'k	nctions are situated more junctions in the junction <u>ilator</u> , student of Gor'kov ily State University imeni ." Orig. art. has: 7 fig	hain. "I. V. Chaykina, kiy gosuniversitet im. I. I. Lobachevskiy), to	graduate N. I.
	iya nauk SSSR (Academy of	Rulances SSSR). Alkademis	a nauk
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Uzbekskoy SSR (Acade	my of Sciences UzSSR); Tas	entskiy gosudarstvenny ENCL: 00 OTHER: 009	*y

S/032/63/029/004/014/016 A004/A127

AUTHORS:

Lukirskiy, A.P., Rumsh, M.A., Karpovich, I.A.

TITLE:

Geiger counters for recording soft and ultrasoft x-radiation

PERIODICAL: Zavodskaya laboratoriya, no. 4, 1963, 495 - 496

TEXT: The authors describe their design of special Geiger counters for the recording of radiation of a wave length in the ranges of 23.6 -280 Å and 1.5 - 18.3 Å. The counters are of a coaxial design with a narrow lateral window located on the generatrix. Such an arrangement of the inlet window precludes the phenomenon of a counter "dead zone". The counter cathode is made of red copper and pickled in the nitric acid. By two hoses the counters are connected to a special layout ensuring a forced circulation of the gas mixture in the counter, which results in a considerable reduction of the setup time of the stationary counter characteristics. The counters are filled with an argon-alcohol mixture. The efficiency-wave length of the Geiger counter is given. There are 3 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Leningradskiy gosudarstvenny universitet im. A.A. Zhdanova (Leningrad State University im. A.A. Zhdanov)

Card 1/1

LUKIRSKIY, A.P.; RUMSH, M.A.; KARPOVICH, I.A.

Measurement of the intensity of soft X rays with the aid of secondary electron multipliers. Zav.lab. 29 no.4:456-459 *63. (MIRA 16:5)

Leningradskiy gosudarstvenny, universitet im. A.A. Zhdanova.
 (X rays—Industrial applications) (Photoelectric multipliers)

KARPOVICH, I.A.; SHILOVA, M.V.

High-voltage photo-e.m.f. in antimony risulfide layers. Fiz. tver.
tela 5 no.12:3560-3568 D '63.

(MIRA 17:2)

1. Gor'kovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Lobachevekogo.

ACCESSION NR: AP4041736

S/0181/64/006/007/2198/2200

AUTHORS: Girayev, M. A.; Karpovich, I. A.; Zvonkov, B. N.

TITLE: Frequency dependence of the field effect in photosensitive films of CdS

SOURCE: Fizika tverdogo tela, v. 6, no. 7, 1964, 2198-2200

TOPIC TAGS: thin film, cadmium sulfide, photoconductivity, frequency dependence, carrier mobility, photosensitivity

ABSTRACT: The investigation was undertaken in view of recent interest in such films, brought about by the development of field-effect transistors on their basis (P. K. Weimer, Proc. IRE v. 50, 1526, 1962). The films were prepared on glass substrates by evaporation in vacuum, and activated by heat treatment with air in a photoconductor powder. The frequency dependence was investigated by the method of Aigrain et al. (J. Phys. Rad. v. 13, 587, 1952). Constant

Card 1/5

ACCESSION NR: AP4041736

illumination was used to reduce the layer resistance and to make the method usable at high temperatures. The effective carrier mobility was found to be practically independent of the temperature but highly dependent on the intensity of illumination. For unactivated CdS layers with increased dark conductivity and weak photosensitivity, the effective mobility did not exceed 1 cm²/V-sec and was practically constant up to 20 kcs. The appreciable change in the effective mobility of photosensitive layers occurs in the same frequency interval in which the photocurrent changes strongly as a frequency of the light modulation frequency and is apparently connected with relaxation of the photoconductivity. The decrease in mobility beyond about 20 kcs may be due to disturbance of the equilibrium of the induced carriers with rapid surface states. A somewhat unexpected effect is that in polycrystalline CdS films the effective mobility at high frequencies may become comparable with that for CdS single crystals. This is confirmed by Hall-effect measurements, which will be reported elsewhere. "The authors thank S. Abdiyev

Card 2/5

ACCESSION NR: AP4041736

for preparing the samples for the investigation." Orig. art. has:

ASSOCIATION: Gor'kovskiy gosudarstvenny*y universitet (Gorkiy Stat University)

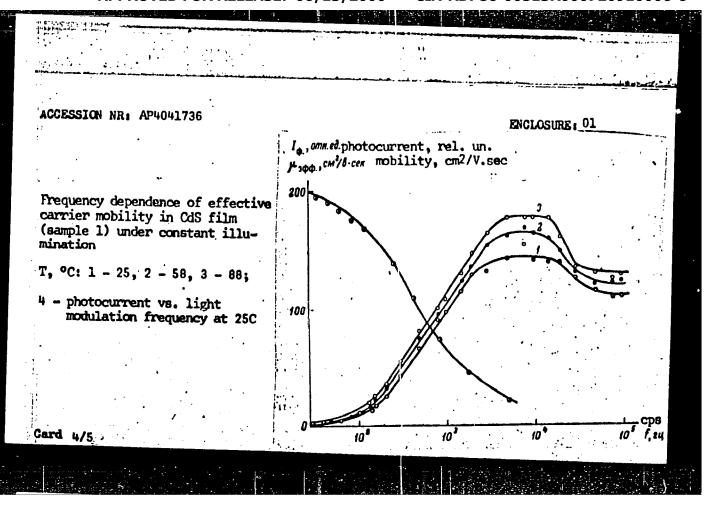
SUBMITTED: 22Feb64

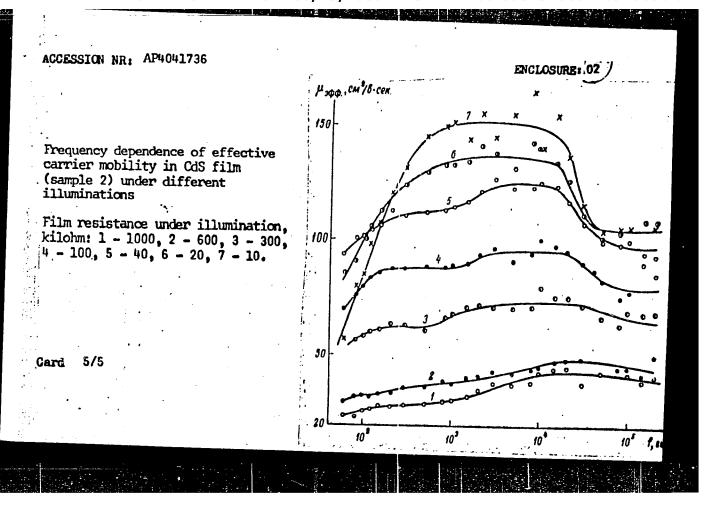
ENCL: 02

SUB CODE: SS, EC NR REF SOV: 002

OTHER: 004

Card 3/5





EWT(m)/EWP(t)/EWP(b) AS(mp)-2/SSD/AINL/ASD(a)-5/ESD(dp)/ESD(gs)/ L 11988-65 ESD(t) RDW/JD ACCESSION NR: AP4048419 8/0181/64/006/011/3392/3396, AUTHORS: Karpovich, I. A., Zvonkov, B. N. TITLE: Hall mobility of electrons in codmium sulfide and selenide films 6 SOURCE: Fizika tverdogo tela, v. 6, no. 11, 1964, 3392-3396 TOPIC TAGS: cadmium sulfide, cadmium selenide, Hall effect, electron mobility, photosensitive film, thin film, doping, carrier density ABSTRACT: A study is reported of the Hill mobility of electrons in undoped and indium-doped CdS and CdSe films of relatively high conductivity, as well as in insulating photosensitive films activated with copper. Cd8 and Cd8a films were daposited on hot (300C) glass or quartz substrates by the thermal evaporation of powders of these compounds in vacuum. The doping of the films with indium was carried Card - 1/3

L 11988-65

ACCESSION NR: AP4048419

out by evaporating the impurity simultaneously with the semiconductor. All samples were n-type. The carrier density in the undoped films varied from below 10 cm 3 to 10 cm 3. In In-doped films the carrier densities were up to 2 \times 10 19 cm⁻³ (Cd8) and 5 \times 10 18 cm⁻³ (CdSe). Insulating photosensitive CdS and CdSe films, were produced in the standard way and activated by heat treatment in Cos: Cu powder in air at 550C for one hour. The Hall emf and the electrical conductivity were measured by the standard dc compensation method. In undoped and lightly indium-doped CdS and CdSe films with relatively low carrier densities $(10^{14} < n < 10^{17} \, \mathrm{m}^{-3})$, the Hall mobility was approximately two orders of magnitude lower than the mobility in single crystals of the same compounds; It decreased with increase of the carrier density, but rose exponentially with temperature. These results indicated definitely that the mobility of electrons in such films was restricted by the energy barrilers between grains (the physical nature of the energy barriers in the investigated films was not clear). However, at indium concentrations higher than 1017 cm⁻³ for CdSe and higher than 3 x 10¹⁸ cm⁻³ for CdS, the mobility

L 11988-65 ACCESSION NR: AP4048419 rose sharply, reaching values comparable with those for single crystals. The maximum measured values of the mobility in heavily doped samples were 60 and 200 cm 2 . V^{-1} .seg $^{-1}$ for CdS and CdSe, respectively. The critical carrier density at which the electron gas became degenerate and the mobility rose was (1.6--3.1) \times 10¹⁸ cm⁻³ for CdSe. Copper-activated CdS and CdSe films exhibited a strong dependence of the mobility of photocarriers on the excitation level. In some Cds:Cu and CdSe:Cu samples, the mobility during strong illumination reached 130 and 340 cm .V l.sec l, respectively, which was comparable with the values for single crystals. Or g. art. has: 4 figures, 1 table and 1 formula. ASSOCIATION: Gor'kovskiy gosudarstyonny y universitet im. N. I. Lobachavakogo (Gor'kiy State University) SUBMITTED: 18Apr64 BECL SUB CODE: SS BR REF SOVE 002 OTHER: -- 010 Card 3/3

GIRAYEV, M.A.; KARPOVICH, I.A.; ZVONKOV, B.N.

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Frequency dependence of the field effect in photosensitive CdS films. Fiz. tver. tela 6 no.7:2198-2200 Jl '64. (MIRA 17:10)

1. Gor'kovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

GGL'DSHTEYN, I.P.; GUR'YANOVA, Ye.N.; KARPOVICH, I.E.

Calorimetric titration method for determining the heats of formation and dissociation constants of molecular compounds. Zhur. fiz. khim. 39 no.4:932-937 Ap '65.

(MIRA 19:1)

1. Fiziko-Khimicheskiy institut imeri Karpova. Submitted Dec. 2, 1963.

OZEROV, R.P.; KISELEV, S.V.; KARPOVICH, I.R.; GOMAN'KOV, V.I.; LOSHMANOV,

Neutron diffractometer based on unit NUR-3 and equipped with remote control. Kristallografiia 5 no.2:317-319 Mr-Ap '60. (MIRA 13:9)

1. Fiziko-khimicheskiy institut im. L.Ya. Karpova. (Neutrons-Diffraction)

OSTROVSKIY, V.Ye.; KARPOVICH, I.R.; KUL'KOVA, N.V., TEMKIN, M.I.

Calorimeter for measuring the heats of chemisorption at elevated temperatures. Zhur. fiz. khim. 37 no.11:2596-2600 N.63.

1. Fiziko-khimicheskiy institut imeni horpova, Moskva.

KARPOVICH, I.V., laureat Gosudarstvennoy premii

Germination of seed. Zemledelie 26 no.7:48-52 Jl '64. (MIRA 18:7)

1. Narymskaya gosudarstvennaya selektsionnaya stantsiya.

KARPOVICH, L.

USSR/General Division. Scientific Institutions. A-3

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur-Biologiya, No 20, 1957, 85060

Author : L. Karpovich Inst

Title : The Activities of the Polash Botanical Society

Orig Pub : Botan. zh. 1957, No 1, 1944-145

Abstract : A report on the activities of the Polish Botanical Society founded in 1922 and in-

cluding 12 sections at the present time.

The role played by the society in the development of botanical science in Poland is pointed out (the organization of Botany meetings in the Republic, exchange of publications between the Society and 46 countries 700 in the society 800 in th

the Republic, exchange of publications between the Society and 46 countries, 302 institutions and libraries, the publication of scientific works, writing of Botany handbooks and dictionaries, science popularizing,

etc.)

Card 1/1

KARPOVICH, L.G.; LEVKOVICH, Ye.N.

Differentiation of viruses of tick-borne encephalitis and louping ill in tissue culture. Vop.virus. 4 no.5:566-571 S-0 159. (MIRA 13:2)

1. Institut virusologii imeni D.I. Ivanovskogo AMN SSSR, Moskva.
(ENCEPHALITIS, EPIDEMIC, virology)
(TISSUE CULTURE)

KARPOVICH, L. G., Cand Med Sci (diss) -- "A comparative study of viruses of the tick-encephalitis group in tissue cultures". Moscow, 1960. 15 pp (Acad Med Sci USSR), 235 copies (KL, No 11, 1960, 138)

LEVKOVICH, Ye.N.; KARPOVICH, L.G.

Comparative study of the viruses of the tick-borne encephalitis group in HeLa cell cultures. Vop. virus. 5 no. 1:30-39 Ja-F 160.

(MIRA 14:4)

1. Institut virusologii imeni D.I. Ivanovskogo AMN SSSR, Moskva. (ENCEPHALITIS)

KARPOVICH, L.G.

Study of the hemadsorption properties of viruses of the tick-borne encephalitis group in tissue cultures. Vop. virus 6 no.4:423-427 J1-Ag '61. (MFA 14:11)

1. Institut virusologii imeni D.I.Ivanovskogo AMN SSSR, Moskva.
(ENCEPHALITIS) (TISSUE CULTURE)

CHUMAKOV, M.P.; KARPOVICH, L.G.; SARMANOVA, Ye.S.; SERCEYEVA, G.I.;

EYCHKOVA, M.V.; TAPUTERE, V.O.; LIENKOVA, Ye.O.; Mayyer, V.;

RZHRGACHEK, R. [Rehacek, R.]; KOZHNKH, J. [Kozuch, C.]; ERNEK, E.

Isolating from the tick Ixodes persulcatus and from sick persons in Western Siberia a virus differing from the pathogen of tick-borne encephalitis. Vop. virus. 8 no.1:98-99 Ja-F163.

(VIRUSES) (EMCEPHALITIS—MICROBIOLOGY)

SHESTOPALOVA, N. M.; REYNGOLD, V. N.; GRACHEV, V. P.; KARPOVICH, L. G.; CHUMAKOV, M. P.

"Electron microscopic study of the morphology of Kemerova virus using the negative staining technique."

report submitted to 3rd European Regional Conf, Electron Microscopy, Prague, 26 Aug-3 Sep 64.

SHESTOPALOVA, N.M.; REINGOLD, V.N.; TIKHOMEROVA, T.I.; KARPOVICH, L.G.; CHUMAKOV, M.P.

Electron microscope study of chick embryo cell culture infected with Kemerovo virus. Acta virol (Praha) [Engl] 8 no.1:

1. Institute of Poliomyelitis and Viral Encephalitides, U.S.S.R., Academy of Medical Sciences, Moscow.

Study of hadmagglutinating properties of viruses of the tick-horne encephalitis complex propagated in various cell cultures. Acts virol. (Praha) [Eng.] 8 no.41376-377 fl 16%.

1. Institute of Poliomyelitis and Viral Indephalitides, C.S.S.R.

POGODINA, V.V.; LEVKOVICH, E.N.; RODAL, L.M.: KARLOVICH, L.G.

Variation in the pathogenicity of virtues of the tick-borne encephalitis complex for different unimal apecies. II. Evaluation of neurovirulence for lambs and pighete as a strain marker. Acta virol. (Iraha) [Eng.] & nc.42521-531 N 164

1. Institute of Poliomyelitis and Viral Phrephalitides, U.S.S.R. Academy of Medical Sciences, Mossow,

一点,我们就是我们的一个,我们就是我们的一个,我们们也不是

SHALUNOVA, N.V.; KARPOVICH, L.G.; LEVKOVICH, fe.N.

Interference of the Japanese encephalitis virus with some cytopathogenic viruses in tissue cultures. Vop. virus. 10 no.5:551-557 S-0 165. (MIRA 18:11)

1. Institut poliomiyelita i virusnykh entsefalitov AMN SSSR, Moskva.

<u>L 27195-66</u> EWT(1)/T JK	
ACC NR: AP6004864 (W) SOURCE CODE: UR/0402/65/000/005/0551/	0557
AUTHOR: Shalunova, N. V.; Karpovich, L. G.; Levkovich, Ye. N.	2.5 B
ORG: Institute of Polyomyelitis and Virus Incephalitis, AMN SSSR Moscow (Institut poliomielita i virusnykh entsefalitov AMN SSSR)	
TITLE: Study of interference of the Japanese encephalitis virus some cytopathogenic viruses in tissue cultures	with
SOURCE: Voprosy virusologii, no. 5, 1965, 551-557	
TOPIC TAGS: virus disease, bicens physiology, experiment animal,	
ABSTRACT: This is a study on the interference of strains P-1 and of this virus (JEV) with polio virus type I (LSc = 2ab) grown in cultures of skin-embryonal human tissue, and with the viruses of Newcastle disease (ND) and Western equipme emperhalities (WEE), both	
grown in several passages of chicken embryo cell cultures. To definterference the cultures with a developing monolayer (800,000 cell) were infected with a diluted brain suspension of JEV. Immediately infection and 24, 48, 72, 96 and 120 hours later the culture added with the cytopathogenic indicator viruses (Polio, ND and WE)	lls per — i
Card 1/2 UDC: 576.858.25.09	2

L 27195-66 ACC NR: AP6004864 Interference was determined after 2-3 days and was judged positive in the absence of cytopathic activity and on the basis of plaque formation of the indicators in the test cultures and their presence in controls. Interference of varying degree was seen after 72 hours for all three viruses. It was found that JEV can be reproducibly titrated and identified according to interference in tissue cultures upon introducing the blocking viruses after 96 hours. Highest sensitivity was found in cultures of chicken embryo cells and WEE, for under these conditions the interference activity titers (1/10 of activity in controls) were close to those of the virus obtained in tests with mice. This interference was seen only with live virus. From tissue cultures infected with the JEV interferon was isolated, which alone also produced interference, resulting in reduction of plaque formation by $\frac{1}{2}$. It was not highly specific and acted most efficiently on WEE virus. Its effect remained unchanged following heating at 60 C but was severely depressed by a. dilute trypsin solution. Orig. art. has: 6 tables. SUB CODE: 06/ SUBM DATE: 06Aug64/ ORIG REF: 003/ OTH REF': 008 ·Card 2/2 CC

KARPOVICH, L. L.

Lumbering

Planning and follow-up must correspond to the advanced technology of the timber supply industry. Les. prom. 12 no. 6, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, August, 1952, Unclassified.

1. KARPOVICH, L. L.

2. USSR (600)

4. Lumbering

7. Tasks of lumbermen of the North. Les prom No 2 1953.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, April 1953, Uncl.

VOINOV, S., kand.veterinarnykh nauk; KARPOVICH, M., veterinarnyy vrach SEVOST'YANOV, B.

Rendering the blood of cattle infected by foot—and—mouth disease harmless. Mias. ind. SSSR 31 no.4:52-53 '60.

(MIRA 14:7)

1. Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-kontrol'nyy institut vetpreparatov (for Voinov, Karpovich). 2. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel' skiy institut myasnoy promyshlemnosti (for Sevost'yanov).

(Poot—and—mouth disease)

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KARPOVICH, M. B., BAZYLEV, P. M. and VOINOV, S. I.

"Standard hyperimmunious serums from rabbits for determination of foot-andm outh disease types by the method of CFT (Complement Fixation Text)."

Veterinariya, Vol. 37, No. 1, 1960, p. 33

Kaypovieli - Vet-Dr. - Gov - Sci Res Inst Vet Pregnations

BAZYLEV, P.M., doktor veter.nauk; VOINOV, S.I., kand.veter. nauk; KARPOVICH, M.B., veterinarnyy vrach

Standard hyperimmune sera from rabbits for the virus types of foot-and-mouth disease by means of the complement fixation reaction. Veterinaria 37 no.1:33-35 Ja '60. (MIRA 16:6)

1. Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-kontrol'nyy institut veterinarnykh preparatov.

(Foot-and-mouth disease) (Serum diagnosis) (Complement fixation)

VOINOV, S.I., kand. veter. nauk; KARPOVICH, M.B., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; SHEVYREV, N.S.; BELYAYEV, A.S.; YELAGINA, V.B.; KREMEN', G.Ya., veterinarnyy vrach

Results of a two-year industrial manufacture and control of the O, A. and S types of lapinized foot—and-mouth disease antigens. Veterinariia 40 no.11:69-70 N '63.

1. Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-kontrol'nyy institut veterinarnykh preparatov Ministerstva sel'skogo khozyaystva SSSR (for Voinov, Karpovich). 2. Glavnyy veterinarnyy vrach Kurskoy biofabriki (for Shevyrev). 3. Nachal'nik nauchno-kontrol'noy laboratorii Kurskoy biofabriki (for Belyayev). 4. Nachal'nik tsekha tipospetsificheskikh yashchurnykh komponentov Kurskoy biofabriki (for Yelagina). 5. Kurskaya biofabrika (for Kremen').

LIKHACHEV, N.V., prof.; VOINOV, S.f., kand. veterin. nauk: KARPOVICH, M.B., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; ALEKSEYENOK, A.Ya., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; KENIYA, T.Sh.

Immunogenic properties of the strain of foot-and-month disease viruses of the SAT-1 type. Veterinariia 41 no.5:23-25 My '64. (MIRA 18:3)

1. Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-kontrolinyy institut veterinarnykh preparatov (for all except Keniya). 2. Deystvitelinyy chlen Vsesoyuznoy akademii seliskokhozyaystvennykh nauk imeni V.I. Lenina (for Likhachev). 3. Nachalinik Upravleniya veterinarjii Gruzinskoy SSR (for Keniya).

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: USSR Country

CULTIVATED PLANTS, FODDER Category

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Abs. Jour. : REF ZHUR-BIOL.,21,1958,NO-96029

Author

: Palamarchuk, A.S.; Karpovich, M.F.

Institut.

Title

:The Variability of Crude Protein in Clover Leaves

in Relation to the Population, Growth and Origin

Oris. Pub. : Fiziol. rasteniy, 1958, 5, No.1, 83-85

Abstract

:The crude protein content was determined in the leaves of 84 red clover specimens during the flowering stage. The samples were sown on two backgrounds: on the dry peat of Sarnenskaya Txperimental Hydro-Meleoration Station in Rovennemskaya Oblast' and on the mineral soil of L'vov University. The crude protein in second year old plants totalled higher, as a rule, than in plants in their first year. On the mineral soil 44% of the samples contained 26% less orude protein in

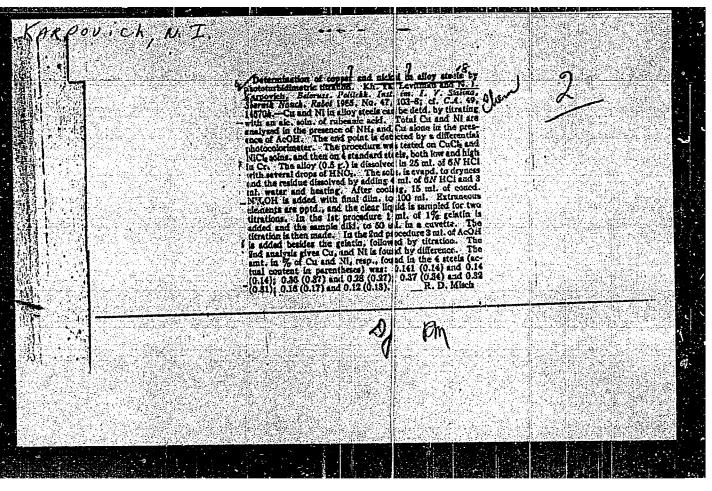
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KARPOVICH, N.I.

USSR/Physical Chemistry - Electrochemistry

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Abs Jour

: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 2, 1957, 3976

Author

: Levitman Kh.Ya., Karpovich N.I., Rutskaya Ye.I.

Inst

Belorussian Polytechnic Institute

Title

: Polarographic Properties of Rubeanic Acid

Orig Pub

Sb. nauch. rabot Belorus. politekhn. in-ta, 1956, No 55,

112-118

Abstract

: Rubeanic acid (I) undergoes reduction in acid, neutral and alkaline solutions At pH 2-6 I gives one clearly defined wave. On increase of pH height of the wave (h) increases and E; becomes more negative. At pH 7-11.4 I produces three waves. In acid solutions h is proportional to concentration of I. In neutral and alkaline media h of second and third wave is also proportional to concentration of $\underline{\mathbf{I}}$; the second wave is convenient

for a determination of I.

Card 1/1

- 216 -

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(MIRA 14:4)

CIA-RDP86-00513R000720910006-6"

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LEVITMAN, Kh.Ya.; RUTSKAYA, Ye.I.; KARPOVICH, N.I.

Physicochemical analysis of a lead nitrate - rubeanic acid - water system and its importance in analysis. Sbor.nauch.trud.Bel.politekh.

inst. no.87:45-54 '69. (Lead nitrate) (Oxamide)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

FRAKTOYICH, N.K.

Aerofotogrammetriya (Aerophotogrammetry), by W. K. Karpovich, Third Edition, Revised and Supplemented, Voyenizdat, Moscow, 1956, 179 pp

This book is intended as a textbook for flight personnel and aerial photo service specialists in the air forces. It can also be used for officers of other military services.

All the forms of aerophotogrammetric work carried out by the air forces are presented in the book, including central projection, transference of images of objects from photos to maps, transference of grid coordinates onto aerial photos, composition of mosaics, triangulation, the transformation of aerial photos, and the composition of photomaps.

Also given are the object of aerial photography, the forms of aero-photogrammetric work, and a short history of the development of aerophoto-

KARPOVICH, N.S.

Blowing through of the scalder screens and of the column of the type KDA diffuser. Sakh.prom. 38 no.1:38-39 Ja 164. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Khmel'nitskiy sakharnyy zavod.

THE COURT OF THE PERSON AND THE PERSON OF TH

YEGUPOV, P.Ye.; KARPOVICH, N.Y.; ALEKSEYENKO, I.G.

Assaying pebbles from washery equipment tailings. Kolyma 21 no.1:15-18 Ja '59. (MIRA 12:6)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel skiy institut zolota i redkikh metallov, Magadan (for Yegupov). 2. Gornoye upravleniye Magadanskogo sovnarkhoza (for Karpovich, Alekseyenko).

(Ore dressing) (Gold---Assaying)

THE LIBERT HEALTH POLICE THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY.

SLEPYAN, Ya.Yu., kand.tekhn.nauk, dotsent; KARPOVICH, N.V., inzh.

Sixth Scientific and Technical Conference on Municipal Electric Power Distribution Networks. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; energ. 6 no.2: 107-109 F '63. (MIRA 1673)

1. Belorusskiy politekhnicheskiy institut.
(Electric power distribution)

KARPOVICH, O.A., KLYKOV, NOV., ZHEREBCHENKO, P.G., STARKOV, P.M.

"Changes in the Functions of the Central Nervous System in Experimental Hypothermia," published in the Proceedings of the Eighth All-Union Congress of Physiologists, Biochemists, and Pharmacologists, Moscow, 1955.

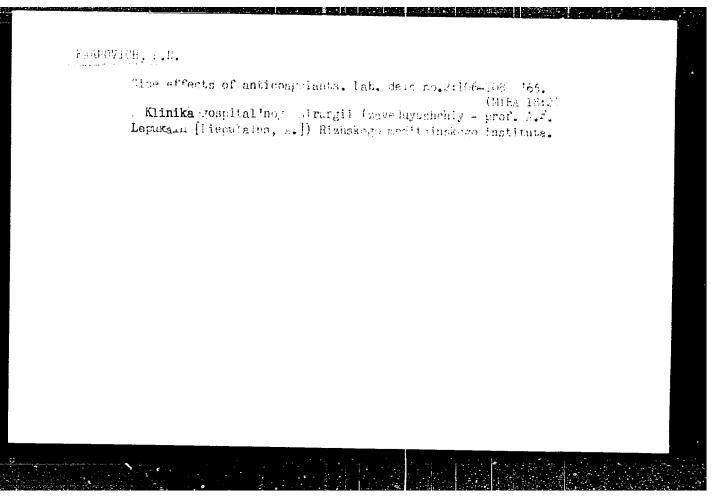
Abstract 1091961

KARPOVICH, O.A.

Interaction positive and inhibiting conditioned reflexes connected with various unconditioned ones. Trudy Vses. ob-va fiziol., biokhim. i farm. 4:29-34 158. (MIRA 14:2)

l. Kafedra normal'noy fiziologii Omskego meditsinskogo instituta imeni M.I. Kalinina (zav. kafedroy dotsent L.G. Makarov, nauchnyy rukovoditel' prof. G.P. Konradi).

(REFLEXES)



KARPOVICH, V.

Controllable pitch propellers on the "Korshun"-type seagoing Fishing trawlers. Mor. flot 22 no.3:28-31 Mr '62. (MIRA 15:2)

l. Vedushchiy konstruktor Gosudars vennogo proyektnogo instituta po proyektirovaniyu rybo-promyslovogo flota.

(Trawls and trawling)

(Propellers)

Testing trawlers with controllable pitch propellers. Sudostroenie 26 no.12:56-59 D 60. (MIRA 13:11)

(Propellers-Testing) (Trawls and trawling)

THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY OF

KORSHUNOV, Lev Petrovich. Prinimal uchastiye SEVAST'YANOV, N.B., kand. tekhn. nauk, dots.; <u>KARPOVICH</u>, <u>V.A.</u>, inzh., retsenzent; YUDOVICH, B.S., kand. tekhn.nauk, retsenzent; POGODIN, L.L., nauchnyy red.; SMIRNOV, Yu.I., red.; CHISTYAKOVA, R.K., tekhn. red.

[Power systems of fishing trawlers] Energeticheskie ustanovki rybolovnykh traulerov. Leningrad, Sudpromgiz, 1963. 295 p.

(MIRA 16:4)

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KARPOVICH, Vladislav Anatol'vevich. Prinimal uchastive YEFREMOV, L.V., 'nzh.; NERUS, K.I., inzh., retsenzent; KATSMAN, F.M., retsenzent; IOGODIN, L.L., nauchn. red.; SMIRHOV, Yu.I., red.

[Diesel engine plants with controllable pitch propellers] Dizel'nye ustanovki s vintami reguliruemogo shaga. Leningrad, "Sudostroenie," 1964. 203 p. (MIRA 17:8)

KARPOVICH, V.I.

11 Mar 53

USSR/Nuclear Physics - Particles

"Problem of the Connection Between the Method of Regularization and the Theory of Particles With Arbitrary Spin," V. I. Karpovich

DAN SSSR, Vol 89, No 2, pp 257-260

Analyzes eqs corresponding to one particle having a positively detd energy, in case of whole spin, or a positively detd charge, in case of half spin. Presented by Acad L. D. Landau. Indebted to Ye. S. Fradkin.

Source #264T93

KARPEVICH, V. L.

AUTHORS:

Arenkov, I.D., and Karpovich, V.L. Engineers.

28-3-17/33

TITLE:

Classification of Coal of the Donets, Kuznetsk and Karaganda Basins (Klassifikatsiya ugley Donetskogo, Kuznetskogo i Kara-

gandinskogo basseynov)

PERIODICAL:

Standartizatsiya, 1957, No 3, May-June, pp 61-64 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Information is given on the latest re-classification of coal grades in accordance with the three new standards FOCT 8180-56 for the Donets basin, 8162-56 for the Kuznetsk basin and 8150-56 for the Karaganda basin. These were introduced on 1 Jan 57 to replace the old standards after the first half of the year. Coal grade designations are given along with their meaning, data on application for coking (thickness of the plastic layer), content of volatile matters, general percentage of grades now classified as "meagre", "fat", "poor coking". It is stated, that the new classification standards will clarify the distribution of coal in accordance with technical needs, eliminate the existing overconsumption, decrease the cost per heat unit and the transportation costs and increase the utilization for coking of the less scarce coal grades. The new regulations are obligatory in designing and operating of industrial stabile and mobile heating contrivances, gas generators, installations

Card 1/2

CIA-RDP86-00513R000720910006-6" **APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000**

Classification of Coal of the Donets, Kuznetsk and Karaganda Basins 28-3-17/33

for semi-coking and hydration, coke ovens, as well as in planning of coal mining, sorting and dressing of coal. The reclassification is not final - introduction of oxydized coal grades is planned for the coming years and the established grades will have to be amended in accordance with accumulated new data and the development of mining in new fields. It is planned for the near future to define the grades (by international classification) to which the coals of the basic USSR coal fields belong. There are 3 diagrams.

ASSOCIATION: The Committee for Standards, Measures and Measuring Devices

(Komitet standartov, mer i izmeritel'nykh priborov)

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 2/2

ZABAVIN, Vladimir Ivanovich; KARFOVICH, V.L., red.

[Bituminous and brown coal; chemical composition and structure, properties, genesis] Kameanye i bury ugli; khimicheskii sostav i struktura, svoistva, genezis.
Moskva, Nauka, 1964. 197 p. (MIRA 17:8)

MENKOVSKIY, Mikhail Abramovich; M.ODIN, Aleksey Alekseyevich; SELIVANOV,
M.P., otv.red.; KARPOVICH, V.L., otv.red.; GARBER, T.N., red.
izd-va; IL'INSKAYA, G.T., tekhn.red.

[Analytical chemistry and technical analysis of coals] Analiticheskaie khimiia i tekhnicheskii analiz uglei. Moskva, Ugletekhizdat, 1959. 335 p.

(Chemistry, Analytical) (Coal-Analysis)

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SHMIDT, Aleksendr Karlovich; KARPOJICH, V.L., otv.red.; GARBER, T.N., red.izd-va; BOLDYREVA, Z.A., tekhn.red.

[Establishing standards of coal quality] Normirovanie kachestva uglei. Moskva. Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo lit-ry po gornomu delu. 1960. 169 p. (MIRA 13:11)

(Coal--Standards)

TAYTS, Yefim Koiseyevich; TITOV, Nikolay Georgiyevich; SHISHAKOV,
Nikolay Vasil'yevich; KARPOVICH, V.L., otv. red.;
KACHALKINA, Z.I., red. izd-va; BOLDTREVA, Z.A., tekhm. red.

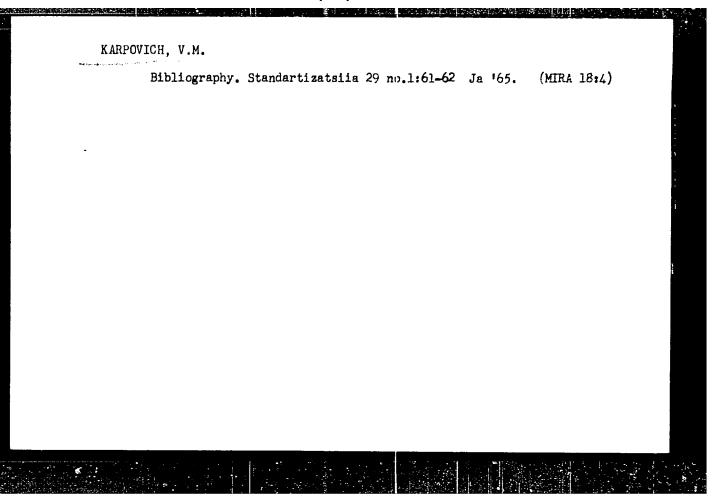
[Methods of analyzing and testing coal for use as raw
material in industry Metody analiza i ispytanita uglei kak
syr'ia dlia promyshlennogo ispol'zovanita. Izd.2., perer. i
dop. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo lit-ry po gornomu
delu, 1961. 314 p.

(Coke industry—Equipment and supplies)

(Gas industry—Equipment and supplies)

(Gas industry—Equipment and supplies)

(Coal—Analysis)



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DUBININ, V.B. [deceased]; KARPOVICH, V.N.

Eadiea longisetosa, sp. nov., a new species of fur metes (Acaromorpha, Acariformes, Myobiidae) from desmans [with summary in French].

Paras. sbor. 18:183-198 '58. (MIRA 12:3)

1.Zoologicheskiy institut AN SSSR i Okskiy gosudarstvennyy zapovednik.
(Parasites--Desmans) (Oka Preserve--Mites)

នស្ថានខេត្តមន្តែរស្មីនជនរងគ្រោះមនុស្សនេះខែកក្សីម៉ឺស៊ីស្គាំ សេកក្រុម្បី។ ស

KARPOVICH, V.N.

Results of carrying out summer school practical studies in pharmacognosy in the Leningrad Pharmaceutical School, Apt. delo. 11 no.5:60-61 S-0 162. (MIN. 17:5)

1. Leningradskoye farmatsevticheskoya uchilishche.

·	Study of helminths parasitic in the muskrat. Trudy Gel'm. lab. 9: 126-127 '59. (MIRA 13:3) (PARASITESMUSKRATS) (WORMS, INTESTINAL AND PARASITIC)
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TEPLOV, V.P.; KARPOVICH, V.N.

Possibilities of using trail count for determining the absolute population of elk. Soob.Inst.lesa no.13:51-53 '59.

(MIRA 13:2)

1. Okskiy gosudarstvennyy zapovednik.

(Elk)

Karrovich, V. N.

K gel'mintofaune vykhukholi (Desmana moschata Linn.), "Works on Helminthology" on the 75th Birthday of K. I. Skryabin, Izdat, Akad. Nauk, SSSR, Noskva, 1953, page 293.
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KARPOVICH, V.N.

Comparative study of fall migration of diving birds based on counts made along their permanent routes and on the reservation lake. Ornitologiia no.2:248-255 '59. (MIRA 14:7) (Oka Valley--Ducks) (Birds--Migration)

KARPOVICH, V.N.

Ecology of the mass inhabitants (starling, pied flycatcher) of the artificial nesting places in the area of the Okn Preserve. Trudy OGZ no.4:65-176 62

Study of the nature of great onipe noting-call places by birdbanding method. Ibid.:185-197

Results of the mass use of creel traps for catching little bitds during a spring flood. Report No.2. Ibid.: 431-434 (MIRA 17:9)

The state of the factor respectively and the state of the

KARPOVICH, V.N.

Chemical investigation of Transbaikulian species of the gentian family. Trudy Len. khim.-farm. inst. 12:201-208 '61. (MIRA 15:3)

1. Kafedra farmakognozi i botaniki Leningradskogo khimikofarmatsevticheskogo instituta.

(SIBERIA---GENTIANS) (PHARMACOGNOSY)

KARPOVICH, V.N.

Preliminary investigation of plants used in Oriental prescriptions for cardiovascular diseases. Trudy Len. khim.-farm. inst. 12:195-200 '61. (NIRA 15:3)

l. Kafedra farmakognozii i botaniki Leningradskogo khimiko-farmatsevticheskogo instituta.

(CARDIOVASCULAR AGENTS)
(TRANSBAIKALIA-BOTANY, MEDICAL)

BIANKI, V.V., red.; <u>KARPOVICH. V.N.</u>, red.; SKOLOVA, N.N., red.; KAS'YANOV, A.P., red.[deceased]; <u>BELYAYEV</u>, N.F., tekhn. red.

[Kandalaksha State Preserve] Kandalakshskii gosudarstvennyi zapovednik; nauchno-populiarnyi ocherk. Murmansk, Murmanskoe knizhnoe izd-vo, 1961. 87 p. (MIRA 16:6)

1. Kandalakshskiy gosudarstvennyy zapovednik. (Kandalaksha Preserve)

KARPOVICH, V.N.; SOLOV'YEVA-VOLYNSKAYA, T.N.

Attracting whiskered tern for nesting by artificial rafts.
Trudy OGZ no.4:349-352 '62. (MIRA 17:9)

KARPOVICH, V.N.; PRIKLONSKIY, S.G.

Catching ducks by stationary traps in their fall resting places.
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PRIKLONSKIY, S.G.; BIANKI, V.V.; KARPOVICH, V.A.; KISELEV, Yu.N.; SAPETINA,
I.M.; SAPETIN, Ya.V.

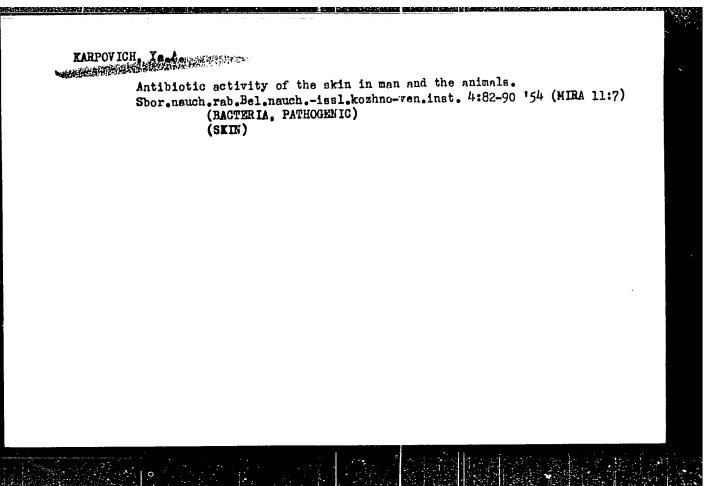
Catching birds by automatic live traps. Trudy OGZ no.4:402-424
'62.

(MIRA 17:9)

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PRAKAPCHUK, A.Ya.; BANDAROVICH, A.G.; CHARNAMORTSAVA, N.I.; KARPO-VICH, Ye.A.; KASTSENICH, H.

Fungous flora of the normal and pathological skin. Vestsi AN BSSR no.3:153-158 My-Je '52. (MIRA 7:8) (Dermatophytes)



Effect of hexylresorcinol on dermatophytes. Sbor.nauch.rab.
Bel.nauch.-issl.koshno-ven.inst. 4:137-139 '54 (MIRA 11:7)
(DERMATOPHYTES)
(RESORGINOL)

TSELISHCHEVA, A.D., KLADNITSKAYA, T.L., DYID, F.V., KARPOVICH, Ye.A.

MARGOLINA, S.Yu.

Treating gonorrhea with streptomycin.

-issl.kozhno-ven.inst. 4:278-284 '54 (MIRA 11:7)

(GONORRHA)

(STREPTOMYCIN)

WARPOVICH, Ye.A., GRINGAUS, M.Ya.

Bradication of dermatomycosis in Postavy District, Molodechno
Province. Sbor.nauch.rab.Bel.nauch.-issl.kozhno-ven.inst.
4:320-323 154 (MIRA 11:7)

(FOSTAVY DISTRICT-_DERMATOMYCOSIS)

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YE. A. KARPOVICH

USSR / Microbiology. General Microbiology. Geological Activity.

: Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 6, 1959, No. 24017 Abs Jour

: Karpovich, Ye. Λ.; Kostenich, N. A.; Viktorskiy, Λ. P. Author

: Belorussian Scientific Research Dermo-Inst

Venerological Institute

: The Influence of Phtivazide, Heptyl-Resorcin, Title

and Hexyl-Resorcin on Cultures of Dermatophytes

: Sb. nauchn. rabot. Belorussk. n.-i. kozhno-Orig Pub

venerol. in-t, 1957, 5, 322-323

: Hexyl-resorcin possesses clearly-expressed Abstract

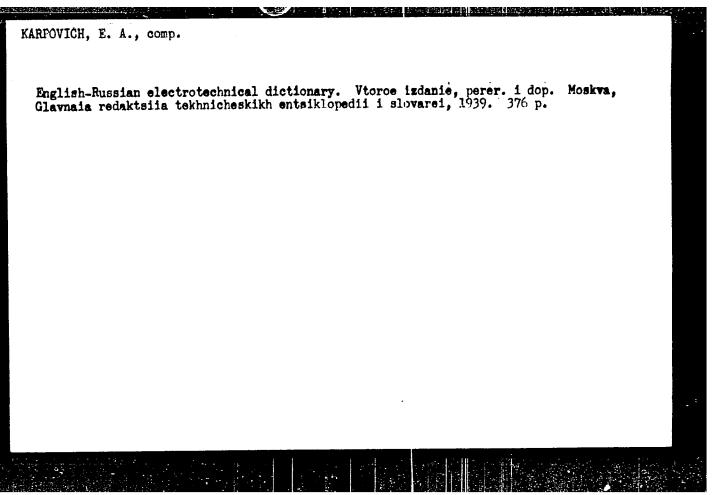
fungistatic and fungicidal properties with

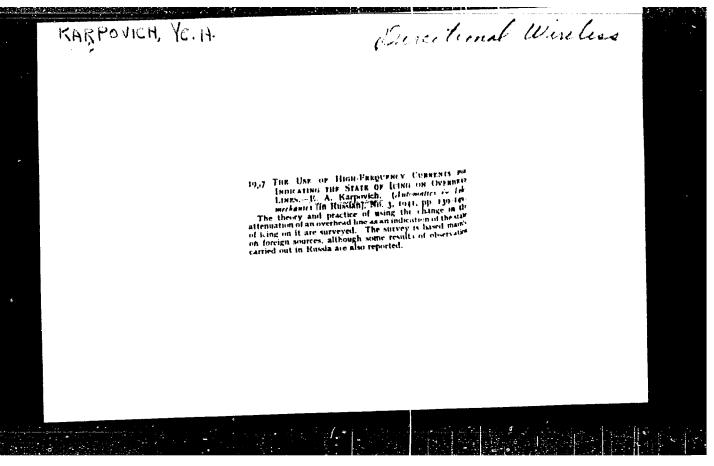
respect to Trichophyton and Achorion

Schonleini.

Card 1/1

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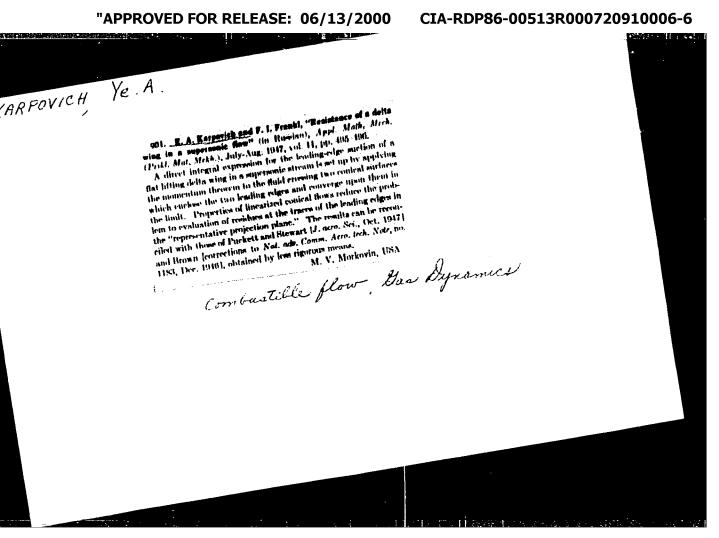


When Wees for welays with a connectic Contact." (from the English.)

avtonativa i Telemekhanika, vol. 6, .o. 6-5, 1961.

Tre speration of commutator invertors."

Avtomatible 1 Telemekhanika, 'ol. 6, no. h-5, 19hl.



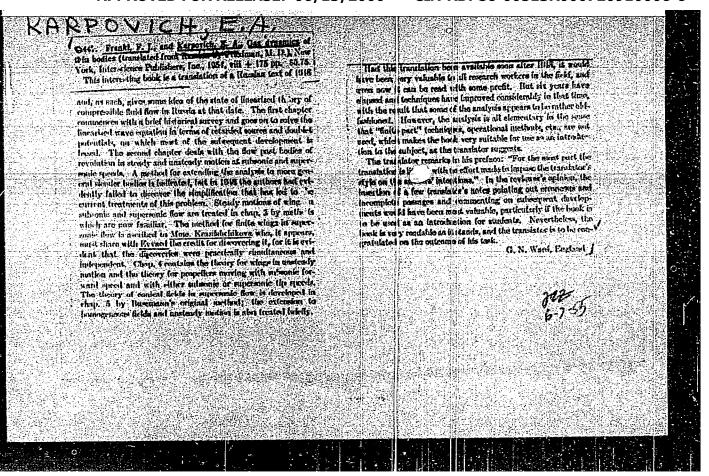
FRANKLI, F. 1., and E. A. KARPOVICH

Gazodinamika tonkikh tel. Moskva, Gostekhizdat, 1948., 175 p., diagrs. (Sovremennye problemy mekhaniki)

Title tr.: Gas dynamics of thin bodies.

QA930.F7

SO: Aeronautical Sciences and Aviation in the Soviet Union, Library of Congress, 1955



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AUTHOR:

Karpovich, Ye. F.

TITLE:

A Historical Survey of Viniculture and Wine Manufacture in the Sudak Valley Vinogradarstvo i vinodeliye v Sudakskoy dolline (Istor. ocherk)

PERIODICAL:

Izv. Krymsk. otd. Geogr. o-va, 1957, Nr 4, pp 11-19

ABSTRACT:

The article contains a historical survey of viniculture and wine manufacture as they have been practiced from earliest times to the present day. The Sudak valley is known as a major center of Crimean viniculture and wine manufacture and is famous for the high quality of its grape, and wine. The State Farms of the Sudak valley are processing the wines called: "Portveyn tavricheskiy", "Portveyn Surozh!, "Kokur desertnyy". These are among the best

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